Lovotibeglogene Autotemcel

Goal(s):

• Approve lovotibeglogene autotemcel (LYFGENIA) for conditions supported by evidence of benefit

Length of Authorization:

Once in a lifetime dose.

Requires PA:

• Lovotibeglogene autotemcel (LYFGENIA) (billed as pharmacy or physician administered claim)

Covered Alternatives:

- Current PMPDP preferred drug list per OAR 410-121-0030 at www.orpdl.org
- Searchable site for Oregon FFS Drug Class listed at <u>www.orpdl.org/drugs/</u>

Approval Criteria			
1. What diagnosis is being treated?	Record ICD10 code.		
2. Is this an FDA approved indication?	Yes : Go to #3	No: Pass to RPh. Deny; medical appropriateness	
3. Is there documentation that the patient has never received another gene therapy or hematopoietic stem cell transplant for any diagnosis?	Yes: Go to #4	No: Pass to RPh. Deny; medical appropriateness	
Is the medication being ordered by, or in consultation with, a hematologist?	Yes: Go to #5	No: Pass to RPh. Deny; medical appropriateness	
5. Does the patient have Sickle Cell Disease with recurrent vaso-occlusive crisis (VOC)?	Yes: Go to #6	No: Pass to RPh. Deny; medical appropriateness	
Note: Recurrent VOC defined as at least 2 VOC events/year for more than one year. Examples of VOC include acute chest syndrome, priapism lasting > 2 hours and requiring visit to medical facility, acute pain event requiring visit to medical facility and pain medications (e.g. opioids, injectable non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs) or red blood transfusion, acute splenic sequestration.			
6. Is the patient 12 years old or older?	Yes : Go to #7	No: Pass to RPh. Deny; medical appropriateness	

Approval Criteria		
7. Is there documentation that the patient does not have cirrhosis or advanced liver disease?	Yes : Go to #8	No: Pass to RPh. Deny; medical appropriateness
8. Is there documentation that the patient does not have α-thalassemia trait (-α3.7/-α3.7) or more than two α-globin gene deletions?	Yes : Go to #9	No: Pass to RPh. Deny; medical appropriateness
9. Is there documentation that the patient does not have HIV or active infections (acute or chronic) of either hepatitis B or hepatitis C?	Yes : Go to #10	No: Pass to RPh. Deny; medical appropriateness
10. Does the prescriber attest that the patient's general health and comorbidities have been assessed and that the patient is expected to safely tolerate myeloablation?	Yes : Go to #11	No: Pass to RPh. Deny; medical appropriateness
11. Has the patient (and/or guardian, if applicable) been educated on the risk of insertional oncogenesis and need for lifelong monitoring (bloodwork) at every 6 months?	Yes : Go to #12	No : Pass to RPh. Deny; medical appropriateness
12. Is the patient of childbearing potential OR capable of fathering a child?	Yes: Go to #13	No: Go to #15
13. Is the patient pregnant, actively trying to conceive, or trying to father a child?	Yes: Pass to RPh. Deny; medical appropriateness.	No: Go to #14
14. Is there documentation that the provider and patient have discussed the teratogenic risks of the drug if the patient were to become pregnant or father a child during treatment and for at least 6 months after administration of the gene therapy?	Yes: Go to #15	No : Pass to RPh. Deny; medical appropriateness
15. Is there documentation that the provider and patient have discussed risks of myeloablative treatment on future fertility and options for fertility-preservation?	Yes: Approve for one- time infusion treatment for lifetime of the patient.	No: Pass to RPh. Deny; medical appropriateness

P&T/DUR Review: 6/24 (SF) Implementation: 7/1/24